An Intelligent Tutoring System for Learning Java
Mohammed Al-Shawwa, Izzeddin A. Alshawwa, Samy S. Abu-Naser
Department of Information Technology, Faculty of Engineering and Information technology, Al-Azhar University, Gaza, Palestine.

Abstract: Java is one of the most widely used languages in Desktop developing, Web Development and Mobile Development, so there are many lessons that explain its basics, so it should be an intelligent tutoring system that offers lessons and exercises for this language. Why tutoring system? Simply because it is one-one teacher, adapts with all the individual differences of students, begins gradually with students from easier to harder level, save time for teacher and student, the student is not ashamed to make mistakes, and more.

In this paper, we describe the design of an Intelligent Tutoring System for teaching Java to help students learn Java easily and smoothly. Tutor provides beginner level in Java. Finally, we evaluated our tutor and the results were excellent by students and teachers.

Keywords: Java; Intelligent Tutoring System (ITS); Tutor

1. INTRODUCTION

Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS) are, in many respects, very similar to human tutors. Based on cognitive science and Artificial Intelligence (AI), ITS have proven their worth in multiple ways in multiple domains in Education [1, 2]. Currently, ITS can be found in core Mathematics, Physics, and Language courses in many schools various countries world. ITS are growing in acceptance and popularity for reasons including: i) increased student performance, ii) deepened cognitive development, and iii) reduced time for the student to acquire skills and knowledge [1, 2, 3].

Intelligent Tutoring Systems that tutor and monitor programming have been developed and evaluated for many years in the field of Artificial Intelligence in Education. In many ways, programming has been a very productive domain in the evolution of most aspects of the field including student modeling, knowledge representation, and the application of sound pedagogical principles. Effective programming requires a range of problem-solving and diagnostic strategies. The manner in which a student writes code provides rich insight into the reasoning processes of the student. As a result, programming provides an interesting domain for studying learning and cognitive processes.

The goal of this current research is to bring together recent developments in the fields of Intelligent Tutoring Systems, Cognitive Science, and AI to construct an effective intelligent tutor help students learn to program in Java. In addition to contributing to understanding the learning process in general, it is hoped that this research will have a positive impact on supporting instructors teaching Java programming in their institution. More than ever, this is an important area for institutions where there are more students wishing to learn to program, and where it is difficult to provide personalized instruction that they need [4].

Additionally, since there are a growing number of institutions investing in distance learning, this research will play a significant role to provide appropriate methods of teaching this key subject to students learning remotely.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

The subject of the intelligent tutoring system has been addressed in many papers because of its importance in the field of education in addition to its positive result, such as An Intelligent Tutoring System Authoring Tool designed by Abu Naser teaches how to use java program [4], SQL-Tutor, teaches and explains to students the way of writing queries in relational database through several lessons in the basics of writing query [6], ITS for Health problems related to addiction of video game playing [7], TS for C# Language [8], effectiveness of the CPP-Tutor [9], teaching AI searching algorithms [10], teaching database [11], and ITS for Teaching the 7 Characteristics for Living Things [17], ITS for teaching the right letter pronunciation in reciting the Holy Quran [12], ITS for teaching advanced topics in information security [13], Oracle Intelligent Tutoring System (OITS) [14], ITS for learning Computer Theory[15], e-learning system [16], ADO-Tutor: Intelligent Tutoring System for learning ADO.NET [18], ITS for Parameter Passing in Java Programming [22], and Predicting learners performance using NT and ITS [19], CPP-Tutor for C++ Programming Language [20], a comparative study between Animated Intelligent Tutoring Systems (AITS) and Video-based Intelligent Tutoring Systems (VITS) [21], ITS for stomach disease Intelligent Tutoring System [23], ITS for diabetes [24], Computer Networks [25], DSE Tutor for Teaching DES Information Security Algorithm [26].

3. ITS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

In this research we used a tool to build a intelligent tutoring system to learning Java language, in this tool allows...
the administrator to add lessons, examples and questions and many general settings that control the form of the program, this intelligent tutoring system consists of four main components: Domain Unit, Teaching Unit, Student MODEL and User Interface MODEL.

![Architecture of an Intelligent Tutoring System](image)

Figure 1: Architecture of an Intelligent Tutoring System.

2.1 DOMAIN MODEL
In this section we will discuss the topics covered by this system:
- Overview of Java language.
- Environment Setup.
- Basic Syntax.
- Datatypes and Variable.
- Print Statement by use Console.
- Print Statement by use GUI.
- Operators.
- Input Statement by use Scanner.
- Input Statement by use GUI.
- Decision Making.
- Loop Control.
- Method.
- Array.
- Class & Object.
- Composition.
- Inheritance.
- Polymorphism.
- Abstraction.
- Interface.

2.2 STUDENT MODEL
Each student can use this program through his or her own account, and log on to the system through the student’s number to learn the lessons and solve the specific exercises in each lesson. Exercises for students in successive grades will be very easy. If you fail the exercises you will return to the lesson again. Each student will also have a final mark, when learning the lessons and solving the exercises.

2.3 TEACHING MODEL
This MODEL as controller that controls operations in ITS, the student can answer questions if has good degree or more he can move to next level, but if he fails he back to exercises of the same level. The degree of difficulty increases as the student moves from a lower level to a higher level and if the student obtains a higher degree than good.

2.4 USER INTERFACE
The user interface is divided into two sections for the teacher to add lessons, examples, exercises, modification and deletion, in addition to adding new users to the color adjustment and many settings. The student interface is the one through which lessons are reviewed, exercises are solved and the student’s degree is determined. Here some of screenshots of teacher interface and student interface. As shown in Fig2 – Fig9.

![Student Login Form](image)

Figure 2: Student Login Form.

![Student lessons and examples form](image)

Figure 3: Student lessons and examples form.
4. ITS EVALUATION

We tested some students interested in the language of Java using the intelligent tutoring system and the results were excellent and all of them showed a desire to use the system because it is the work of the human teacher to the fullest.
5. CONCLUSION

ITSs are seen as future's mentoring framework and many examinations fulfilled around there. When they are contrasted with customary classroom climate, ITSs are very effective and moderately having instructors' spot, they go up against supporting obligation for understudies. In customary showing condition, understudies' contrasts aren't considered. In this paper, we have designed intelligent tutoring system for student learning Java. The system was created for students who need to think about Java or increment their knowledge in this field easily. The evaluations of the system have been done by teachers and students.

REFERENCES:


